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THE RH WARS

FRAMING THE POPULATION AND REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH DEBATE

Clarissa C. David Antonio G. M. La Viña Jenna Mae L. Atun

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Acronyms

BFAD Bureau of Food and Drugs Administration

CBCP Catholic Bishops' Conference of the Philippines

DA Department of Agriculture
DepEd Department of Education
DOH Department of Health

DSWD Department of Social Welfare and Development

FP family planning

GDP gross domestic product

HIV/AIDS human immunodeficiency virus /acquired immuno-

deficiency syndrome

HOR House of Representatives

IUD intrauterine device
LGU local government unit
MCH maternal and child health

MDG millennium development goal

NEDA National Economic and Development Authority

NFP natural family planning

NGO nongovernment organization

PFPO Philippine Family Planning Organization
PFPP Philippine Family Planning Program

PLCPD Philippine Legislators' Committee on Population and

Development

PM population management

POPCOM Commission on Population (formerly, Population

Commission)

PPMP Philippine Population Management Program

RA Republic Act

RH reproductive health

STD sexually transmitted disease

STI sexually transmitted infection

USAID United States Agency for International Development

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Clarissa C. David Antonio G. M. La Viña Jenna Mae L. Atun The Institute of Philippine Culture is a research organization of the School of Social Sciences of the Loyola Schools, Ateneo de Manila University. Founded in 1960, the IPC advances the University's mission and goals by generating knowledge that helps deepen the understanding of cultures and societies; improve the quality of life of disadvantaged groups; and build a peaceful, just, and equitable society in the Philippines, Southeast Asia, and the world. It is open to collaboration with local and international partners. Enjoying academic freedom, the IPC investigates what it wishes and publishes what it finds.

The IPC Culture and Development Series disseminates the results of research conducted under the auspices of the Institute of Philippine Culture, School of Social Sciences, Ateneo de Manila University. A refereed publication, this series seeks to make a scholarly contribution by focusing on questions concerning the relationship of culture and development.

For decades population has been one of the most contentious issues in the Philippines, and its framing and reframing by different stakeholders present various ways of interpreting whether it is a problem and what solution is best to address it. This study takes a systematic look at the different frames that have been used to discuss population and reproductive health in public discourse from both communication and political perspectives. Different types of frame analysis were conducted on various population-related texts that appeared in public and policy content from 1987 to 2007. A combination of semantic network analysis and discourse analysis of legislative documents revealed the use of distinct political rhetoric and semantic approaches to frame population and reproductive health. Analysis of official presidential policy documents on the Philippine Population Management Program indicated implementation or action strategies consistent with the direction sought by the Executive. Analysis of texts from supporters and opponents of population management as well as population-related news articles showed that supporters adopted a "development frame," opponents used "anti-abortion" and "sex education" frames, and the news media, while reflecting both views, presented the issue as a conflict between the Church and government. Findings from descriptive analysis based on manual coding are also described. The study then provides a map of the different frames used to discuss population in public and policy discourses and provides recommendations on how to frame the solutions, among others. It ends with a discussion on the various provisions of the RH Law and its journey after it was enacted in 2012.

